

Abstract

Gender gap in 2020 still remains a hot-button issue, resulting in considerable inequalities. The aim of this research is to point out these gender inequalities among French law institutions. It will investigate gender diversity with regards to the hierarchical status in corporations, wages, and other externalities such as personal life and the major commitment it sometimes implicate.

Furthermore, in order to gain deeper insights about gender gap it is of paramount importance to define these concepts, as well as consider three phenomena bringing to light women's inferiority at the workplace. Therefore, a qualitative method has been applied, using semi-structured interviews of six female lawyers. Their approach will display to which extent they suffered or experienced the gender imbalances in the law industry. Since all of the six female advocates the author interviewed were working in their personal lawyer's office, they are not confronted to women discrimination or inequalities on a daily-basis. However, during their career they could observe these behaviors from time to time. All things considered, they affirmed that women discriminations in the law industry is not as present as in other industries.